Hardwiring Compassion:

Helping Clients Heal Wounds of the Heart

FACES

San Diego, February 26, 2015

Rick Hanson, Ph.D.

The Wellspring Institute For Neuroscience and Contemplative Wisdom

Topics

- Positive neuroplasticity
- Growing inner strengths
- The negativity bias
- Three ways to engage the mind
- Key resource experiences
- Healing old pain
- The law of little things

Positive Neuroplasticity

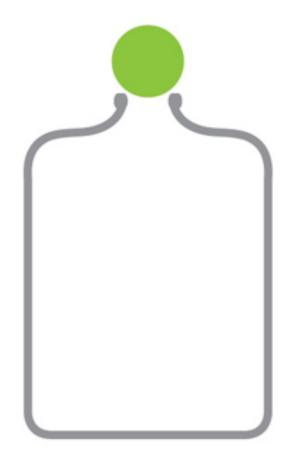
Positive Neuroplasticity – How to Take in the Good: HEAL

Activation

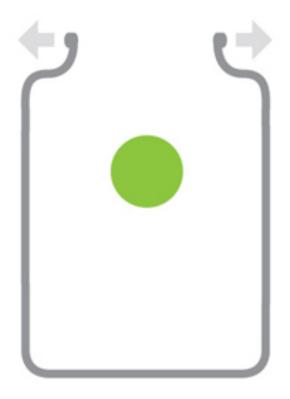
1. Have a beneficial experience.

Installation

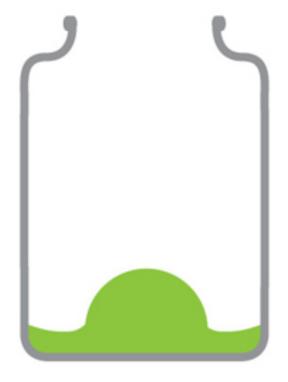
- 2. Enrich the experience.
- 3. Absorb the experience.
- 4. Link positive and negative material. [optional]



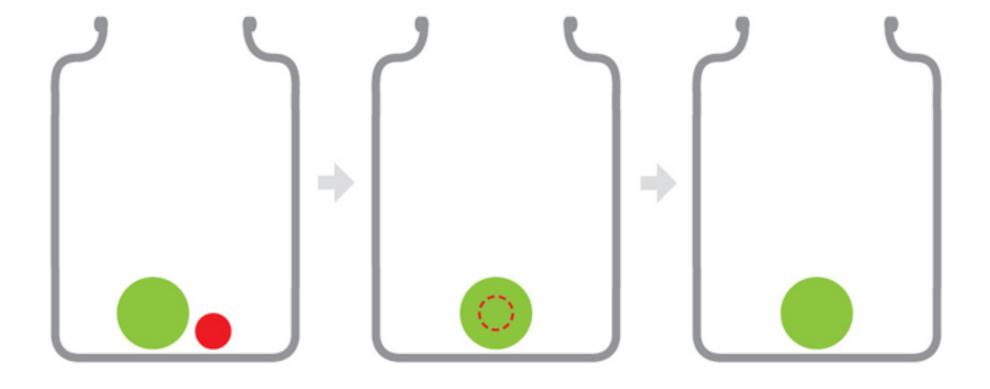
Have a Good Experience



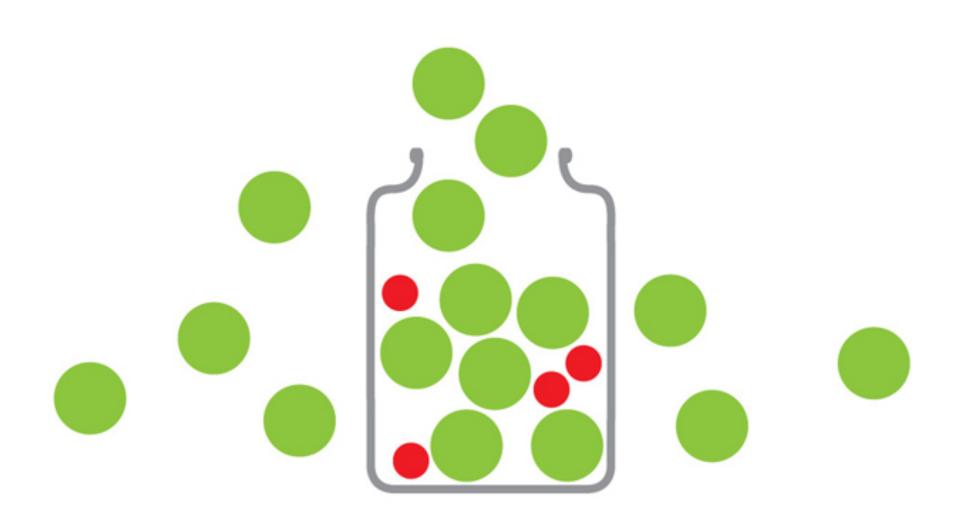
Enrich It



Absorb It



Link Positive and Negative Material



Have It, Enjoy It

Let's Try It

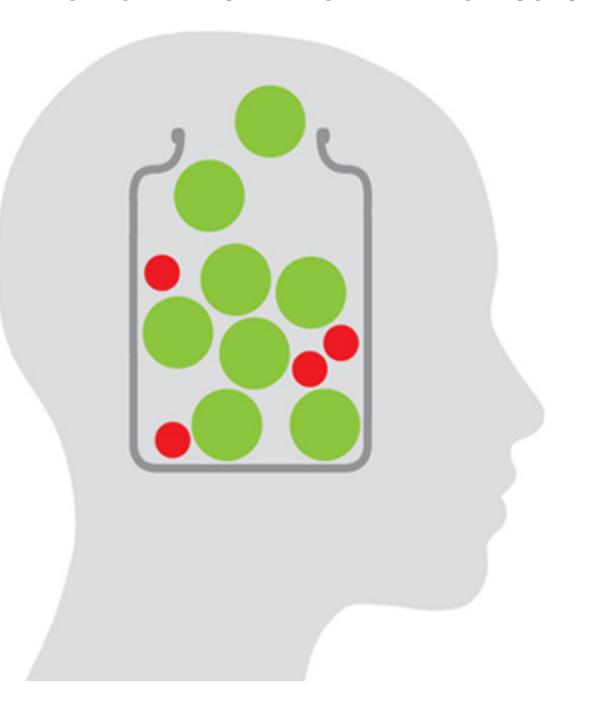
- Notice something beneficial in awareness.
 - Have the experience more in the foreground.
 - Enrich it sustain it, feel it in your body.
 - Absorb it receive it, imagine or sense it's sinking in.
- Create the experience of gladness or gratitude.
 - Have the experience.
 - Enrich it.
 - Absorb it.
- Create the experience of feeling cared about.
 - Have the experience.
 - Enrich it.
 - Absorb it.

Growing Inner Strengths

Inner Strengths

- Understandings
- Capabilities
- Positive emotions
- Attitudes
- Motivations
- Virtues

INNER STRENGTHS ARE BUILT FROM BRAIN STRUCTURE





The Neuropsychology of Learning

Learning – changing neural structure and function – proceeds in two stages:

From state to trait

From <u>activation</u> to <u>installation</u>

From <u>short-term</u> memory buffers to <u>long-term</u> storage

Inner strengths are grown from <u>experiences</u> of them or related factors - activated <u>states</u> - that are installed as <u>traits</u>.

You become more compassionate by repeatedly installing experiences of compassion.

You become more grateful by repeatedly installing experiences of gratitude.

You become more mindful by repeatedly installing experiences of mindfulness. 17 Most experiences of inner strengths – resilience, kindness, insight, mindfulness, self-worth, love, etc. – are <u>enjoyable</u>.

Without <u>installation</u> – without turning passing mental states into enduring neural structure – there is no learning, no change in the brain.

Activation without installation is pleasant, but has no lasting value.

What fraction of your beneficial mental structure?

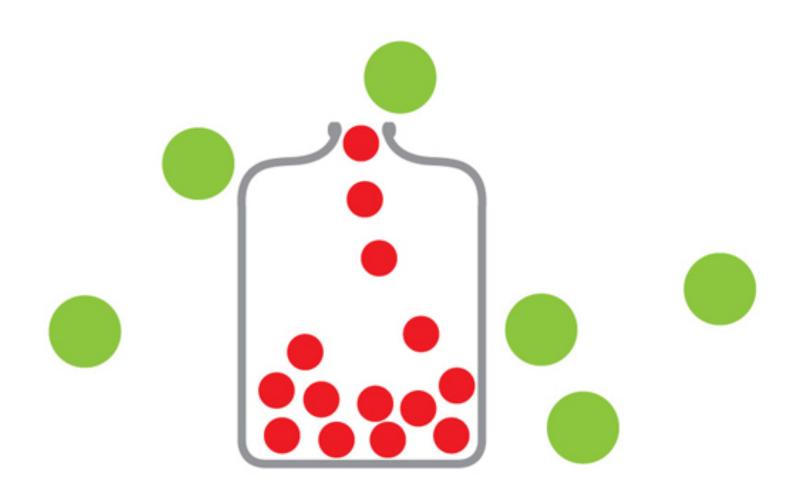
The Negativity Bias

Velcro for Bad, Teflon for Good

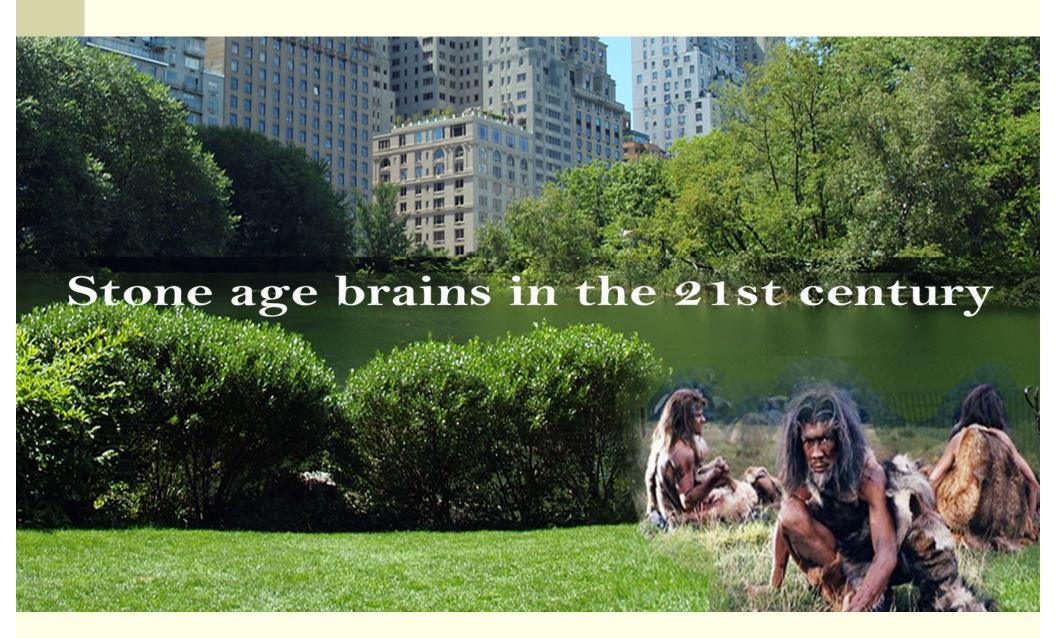


Negativity Bias

- As our ancestors evolved, avoiding "sticks" was more important for survival than getting "carrots."
- Preferential encoding in implicit memory:
 - We learn faster from pain than pleasure.
 - Negative interactions: more powerful than positive
 - Easy to create learned helplessness, hard to undo
 - Rapid sensitization to negative through cortisol
- Most good experiences are wasted on the brain: lowers both the results of practice and motivation



The Negativity Bias



The Three Ways to Engage the Mind

In the Garden of the Mind

- 1. Be with what is there
- 2. Decrease the negative
- 3. Increase the positive

Witness. Pull weeds. Plant flowers.

Let be. Let go. Let in.

Mindfulness is present in all three.

"Being with" is primary – but not enough. We also need "wise effort."

Self-Compassion

- Compassion is the wish beings not suffer, with warm-hearted concern. Compassion is sincere even if we can't make things better.
- Self-compassion simply applies this to oneself.
- To encourage self-compassion:
 - Get the sense of being cared about.
 - Bring to mind beings you care about. Find compassion for them.
 - Shift the compassion to yourself.

Key Resource Experiences

Three Fundamental Motivational and Self-Regulatory Systems

Avoid Harms:

Primary need, tends to trump all others

Approach Rewards:

 Elaborated via sub-cortex in mammals for emotional valence, sustained pursuit

Attach to Others:

Very elaborated via cortex in humans for pair bonding, language, empathy, cooperative planning, compassion, altruism, etc.

Some Types of Resource Experiences

Avoiding Harms

- Feeling basically alright right now
- Feeling protected, strong, safe, at peace
- The sense that awareness itself is untroubled

Approaching Rewards

- Feeling basically full, the enoughness in this moment as it is
- Feeling pleasured, glad, grateful, satisfied
- Therapeutic, spiritual, or existential realizations

Attaching to Others

- Feeling basically connected
- Feeling included, seen, liked, appreciated, loved
- Feeling compassionate, kind, generous, loving

Pet the Lizard



Feed the Mouse



Hug the Monkey



The Four Ways to Offer a Method

- Doing it implicitly
- Teaching it and then leaving it up to the person
- Doing it explicitly with the person
- Asking the person to do it on his or her own

Healing Old Pain

HEAL by Taking in the Good

1. Have a beneficial experience.

2. **E**nrich it.

3. Absorb it.

4. Link it with negative material. [optional]

How Linking Works

- Activated negative material associates to whatever is also present in awareness.
- When negative material leaves awareness, these associations are reconsolidated in memory.
- This means that positive material can soothe, ease, put in perspective, and even replace negative material.
- Examples: pain held in spacious awareness; telling a friend about a problem; self-compassion for an upset; feeling cared about alongside feeling hurt

Psychological Antidotes

Approaching Opportunities

- Satisfaction, fulfillment --> Frustration, disappointment
- Gladness, gratitude --> Sadness, discontentment, "blues"

Affiliating with "Us"

- Attunement, inclusion --> Not seen, rejected, left out
- Recognition, acknowledgement --> Inadequacy, shame
- Friendship, love --> Abandonment, feeling unloved or unlovable

Avoiding Threats

- Strength, efficacy --> Weakness, helplessness, pessimism
- Safety, security --> Alarm, anxiety
- Compassion for oneself and others --> Resentment, anger

Conditions for the Link Step

Divided awareness; holding two things at once

Not hijacked by negative; if so, drop negative

Positive material is more prominent in awareness.

Degree of Engagement with Negative

- The idea of the negative material
- A <u>felt sense</u> of the negative material
- The positive material goes into the negative material (e.g., soothing balm, filling up hollow places, connecting with younger layers of the psyche)
- → Throughout, the positive material remains more prominent in awareness.

Skills with the 4th Step

- Be on your own side; you want the positive to win. Perhaps imagine inner allies with you.
- Be resourceful. It's OK to be creative, even playful.
- If the negative gets too strong, drop it; return to positive.
- Get a sense of receiving the positive into the negative.
- End with just the positive.
- Start with positive or negative material.

The Tip of the Root

- For the fourth step of TIG, try to get at the youngest, most vulnerable layer of painful material.
- The "tip of the root" is commonly in childhood. In general, the brain is most responsive to negative experiences in early childhood.

Prerequisites

- Understanding the need to get at younger layers
- Compassion and support for the inner child
- Capacity to "presence" young material without flooding

The Law of Little Things

Think not lightly of good, saying, "It will not come to me."

Drop by drop is the water pot filled.

Likewise, the wise one, gathering it little by little, fills oneself with good.

Suggested Books

See www.RickHanson.net for other great books.

- Austin, J. 2009. Selfless Insight. MIT Press.
- Begley. S. 2007. Train Your Mind, Change Your Brain. Ballantine.
- Carter, C. 2010. Raising Happiness. Ballantine.
- Hanson, R. (with R. Mendius). 2009. Buddha's Brain: The Practical Neuroscience of Happiness, Love, and Wisdom. New Harbinger.
- Johnson, S. 2005. Mind Wide Open. Scribner.
- Keltner, D. 2009. Born to Be Good. Norton.
- Kornfield, J. 2009. The Wise Heart. Bantam.
- LeDoux, J. 2003. Synaptic Self. Penguin.
- Linden, D. 2008. The Accidental Mind. Belknap.
- Sapolsky, R. 2004. Why Zebras Don't Get Ulcers. Holt.
- Siegel, D. 2007. The Mindful Brain. Norton.
- Thompson, E. 2007. *Mind in Life*. Belknap.

See www.RickHanson.net for other scientific papers.

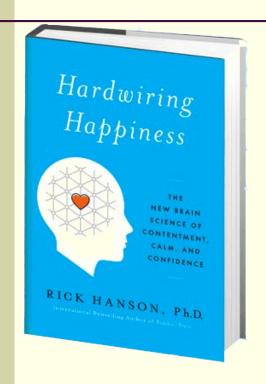
- Atmanspacher, H. & Graben, P. 2007. Contextual emergence of mental states from neurodynamics. Chaos & Complexity Letters, 2:151-168.
- Baumeister, R., Bratlavsky, E., Finkenauer, C. & Vohs, K. 2001. Bad is stronger than good. *Review of General Psychology*, 5:323-370.
- Braver, T. & Cohen, J. 2000. On the control of control: The role of dopamine in regulating prefrontal function and working memory; in Control of Cognitive Processes: Attention and Performance XVIII. Monsel, S. & Driver, J. (eds.). MIT Press.
- Carter, O.L., Callistemon, C., Ungerer, Y., Liu, G.B., & Pettigrew, J.D. 2005. Meditation skills of Buddhist monks yield clues to brain's regulation of attention. *Current Biology*, 15:412-413.

- Davidson, R.J. 2004. Well-being and affective style: neural substrates and biobehavioural correlates. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society*, 359:1395-1411.
- Farb, N.A.S., Segal, Z.V., Mayberg, H., Bean, J., McKeon, D., Fatima, Z., and Anderson, A.K. 2007. Attending to the present: Mindfulness meditation reveals distinct neural modes of self-reflection. SCAN, 2, 313-322.
- Gillihan, S.J. & Farah, M.J. 2005. Is self special? A critical review of evidence from experimental psychology and cognitive neuroscience. *Psychological Bulletin*, 131:76-97.
- Hagmann, P., Cammoun, L., Gigandet, X., Meuli, R., Honey, C.J., Wedeen, V.J.,
 & Sporns, O. 2008. Mapping the structural core of human cerebral cortex. *PLoS Biology*, 6:1479-1493.
- Hanson, R. 2008. Seven facts about the brain that incline the mind to joy. In Measuring the immeasurable: The scientific case for spirituality. Sounds True. 47

- Lazar, S., Kerr, C., Wasserman, R., Gray, J., Greve, D., Treadway, M., McGarvey, M., Quinn, B., Dusek, J., Benson, H., Rauch, S., Moore, C., & Fischl, B. 2005. Meditation experience is associated with increased cortical thickness. *Neuroreport*, 16:1893-1897.
- Lewis, M.D. & Todd, R.M. 2007. The self-regulating brain: Cortical-subcortical feedback and the development of intelligent action. *Cognitive Development*, 22:406-430.
- Lieberman, M.D. & Eisenberger, N.I. 2009. Pains and pleasures of social life. *Science*, 323:890-891.
- Lutz, A., Greischar, L., Rawlings, N., Ricard, M. and Davidson, R. 2004. Long-term meditators self-induce high-amplitude gamma synchrony during mental practice. *PNAS*, 101:16369-16373.
- Lutz, A., Slager, H.A., Dunne, J.D., & Davidson, R. J. 2008. Attention regulation and monitoring in meditation. *Trends in Cognitive Sciences*, 12:163-169.

- Rozin, P. & Royzman, E.B. 2001. Negativity bias, negativity dominance, and contagion. *Personality and Social Psychology Review*, 5:296-320.
- Takahashi, H., Kato, M., Matsuura, M., Mobbs, D., Suhara, T., & Okubo, Y. 2009. When your gain is my pain and your pain is my gain: Neural correlates of envy and schadenfreude. *Science*, 323:937-939.
- Tang, Y.-Y., Ma, Y., Wang, J., Fan, Y., Feng, S., Lu, Q., Yu, Q., Sui, D., Rothbart, M.K., Fan, M., & Posner, M. 2007. Short-term meditation training improves attention and self-regulation. *PNAS*, 104:17152-17156.
- Thompson, E. & Varela F.J. 2001. Radical embodiment: Neural dynamics and consciousness. *Trends in Cognitive Sciences*, 5:418-425.
- Walsh, R. & Shapiro, S. L. 2006. The meeting of meditative disciplines and Western psychology: A mutually enriching dialogue. *American Psychologist*, 61:227-239.

Where to Find Rick Hanson Online



Hardwiring Happiness: The New Brain Science of Contentment, Calm, and Confidence

www.rickhanson.net/hardwiringhappiness

Personal website: www.rickhanson.net

Wellspring Institute: www.wisebrain.org



