

# Examen d'Ingénieur de Données SAP : Formation et Certification

## Introduction à la Formation SAP BW/4HANA

Devenir un ingénieur de données SAP est un parcours passionnant. Pour réussir, il est essentiel de suivre une **formation spécifique**. La formation *SAP BW/4HANA* vous prépare aux défis présents dans le domaine de l'analyse de données.

## Les Compétences Nécessaires

Un bon consultant *SAP BW* doit avoir une **solide compréhension** des outils d'analyse de données. Cela vous permettra de gérer efficacement les données et de créer des rapports utiles pour l'entreprise.

## Migrer Vers SAP BW/4HANA

La migration vers **SAP BW/4HANA** est une étape clé pour toute entreprise qui souhaite moderniser son infrastructure de données. C'est un **processus complexe** qui nécessite une planification minutieuse et une formation adéquate. Pour vous préparer, consultez cette ressource : [SAP BW/4HANA Certification](#).

## Importance des Analyses dans SAP BW/4HANA

Les **analytics** dans *SAP BW/4HANA* sont cruciaux pour la prise de décision. Un bon ingénieur de données doit savoir comment utiliser ces outils pour extraire des **insights précieux** des données. Pour plus d'informations, rendez-vous sur [Certification SAP BW/4HANA](#).

## Certifications SAP Recommandées

Avoir des **certifications reconnues** peut augmenter vos chances d'obtenir un emploi en tant qu'ingénieur de données SAP. Recherche des certifications spécifiques à *BW/4HANA* pour briller dans ce domaine.

## Opportunités de Carrière

Le domaine de l'ingénierie des données est en pleine expansion. Avec la demand croissante pour des experts SAP, une carrière en tant qu'ingénieur de données peut être à la fois **enrichissante** et **lucrative**.

## Conclusion

La **formation** et la **certification** sur SAP BW/4HANA sont des étapes essentielles pour ceux qui souhaitent devenir ingénieurs de données. Prenez le temps de vous former et de vous certifier pour maximiser vos **opportunités de carrière**.



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## Question: 1

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What are some of the variable types in a BW query that can use the processing type SAP HANA Exit?

Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Hierarchy node
- B. Formula
- C. Text
- D. Characteristic value

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**Answer: A D**

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Explanation:

In SAP BW (Business Warehouse) queries, variables are placeholders that allow dynamic input for filtering or calculations at runtime. The processing type "SAP HANA Exit" is a specific variable processing option that leverages SAP HANA's in-memory capabilities to enhance query performance by pushing down the variable processing logic to the database layer. This ensures faster execution and optimized resource utilization.

Variable Types Compatible with SAP HANA Exit:

Hierarchy Node (Option A)

Hierarchy nodes are used in BW queries to represent hierarchical structures (e.g., organizational hierarchies, product hierarchies).

When using the SAP HANA Exit processing type, the hierarchy node variable can be processed directly in the SAP HANA database. This allows for efficient handling of hierarchical data and improves query performance by leveraging HANA's advanced processing capabilities.

Characteristic Value (Option D)

Characteristic values are attributes associated with master data (e.g., customer IDs, product codes).

By using the SAP HANA Exit processing type, characteristic value variables can be resolved directly in the HANA database. This eliminates the need for additional processing in the application layer, resulting in faster query execution.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

Formula (Option B):

Formula variables are used to calculate values dynamically based on predefined formulas. These variables are typically processed in the application layer and cannot leverage the SAP HANA Exit processing type.

Text (Option C):

Text variables are used to filter or display descriptive text associated with master data. Like formula

variables, text variables are processed in the application layer and do not support the SAP HANA Exit processing type.

Reference to SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric:

SAP BW/4HANA Query Design Guide:

This guide explains how variables are processed in BW queries and highlights the benefits of using SAP HANA Exit for certain variable types.

Link: [SAP BW/4HANA Documentation](#)

SAP HANA Optimization Techniques:

SAP HANA Exit is part of the broader optimization techniques recommended for SAP BW/4HANA implementations. It aligns with the Data Fabric concept of integrating and optimizing data across various layers.

Reference: SAP Note 2296290 - Best Practices for SAP BW/4HANA Query Performance.

By selecting Hierarchy Node and Characteristic Value, you ensure that the query leverages SAP HANA's in-memory processing capabilities, which is a key aspect of modern data engineering in the SAP ecosystem.

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## Question: 2

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What are the possible ways to fill a pre-calculated value set (bucket)? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. By using a BW query (update value set by query)
- B. By accessing an SAP HANA HDI Calculation View of data category Dimension
- C. By using a transformation data transfer process (DTP)
- D. By entering the values manually
- E. By referencing a table

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**Answer: A D C**

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Explanation:

In SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric, pre-calculated value sets (buckets) are used to store and manage predefined sets of values that can be utilized in various processes such as reporting, data transformations, and analytics. These value sets can be filled using multiple methods depending on the requirements and the underlying architecture. Below is an explanation of the correct answers:

A . By using a BW query (update value set by query)

This method allows you to populate a pre-calculated value set by leveraging the capabilities of a BW query. A BW query can extract data from an InfoProvider or other sources and update the value set dynamically. This approach is particularly useful when you want to automate the population of the bucket based on real-time or near-real-time data. The BW query ensures that the value set is updated with the latest information without manual intervention.

Reference : SAP BW/4HANA supports the use of queries to update value sets as part of its advanced data modeling and analytics capabilities. This functionality is well-documented in SAP's official guides on BW Query Design and Value Set Management.

C . By using a transformation data transfer process (DTP)

The Transformation Data Transfer Process (DTP) is a powerful mechanism in SAP BW/4HANA for moving

and transforming data between different objects. When filling a pre-calculated value set, a DTP can be configured to extract data from a source object (e.g., an InfoProvider or DataSource) and load it into the bucket. This method is highly efficient for large-scale data transfers and ensures that the value set is populated accurately and consistently.

Reference : SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric leverages DTPs extensively for data integration and transformation tasks. The official SAP documentation on DTPs highlights their role in managing value sets and buckets.

D . By entering the values manually

For scenarios where the value set is small or requires specific customization, manual entry is a viable option. This method involves directly inputting the values into the bucket through the SAP GUI or other interfaces. While this approach is not scalable for large datasets, it provides flexibility for ad-hoc or one-time configurations.

Reference : SAP provides user-friendly interfaces for manually managing value sets, as documented in the SAP BW/4HANA Administration Guide. This feature is particularly useful during the initial setup or testing phases.

Incorrect Options

B . By accessing an SAP HANA HDI Calculation View of data category Dimension

While SAP HANA HDI Calculation Views are powerful tools for data modeling and analytics, they are not directly used to populate pre-calculated value sets in SAP BW/4HANA. Instead, these views are typically used for querying and analyzing data within the SAP HANA database. To fill a bucket, you would need to use a BW query or DTP rather than directly accessing an HDI Calculation View.

Reference : SAP HANA HDI Calculation Views are primarily designed for real-time analytics and are not integrated into the BW/4HANA bucket management process.

E . By referencing a table

Referencing a table is not a supported method for populating pre-calculated value sets in SAP BW/4HANA. Buckets are managed through specific mechanisms like queries, DTPs, or manual entry, and direct table references are not part of this workflow.

Reference : The SAP BW/4HANA documentation explicitly outlines the supported methods for bucket population, and table references are not included.

Conclusion

The three correct methods for filling a pre-calculated value set in SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric are:

Using a BW query (update value set by query).

Using a transformation data transfer process (DTP).

Entering the values manually.

These methods align with SAP's best practices for managing value sets and ensure flexibility, scalability, and accuracy in data engineering workflows.

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### Question: 3

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Which external hierarchy properties can be changed in the query definition? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

A. Position of child nodes

B. Sort direction

- C. Exp to level
- D. Display text nodes
- E. Time dependency

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**Answer: B C D**

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In SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric, particularly when working with hierarchies in query definitions, external hierarchies are used to organize and structure data in a meaningful way for reporting and analysis. External hierarchies are predefined hierarchies that can be integrated into queries, and certain properties of these hierarchies can be adjusted within the query definition to meet specific reporting requirements.

Correct Answers and Explanation:

**B . Sort direction**

The sort direction determines the order in which the hierarchy nodes are displayed in the query results. You can choose to sort the hierarchy in ascending or descending order based on node names, key values, or other attributes. This property is adjustable in the query definition to allow flexibility in how the data is presented to end users.

Reference : In SAP BW (Business Warehouse) and SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric, sorting options for hierarchies are available in the query designer under the hierarchy settings.

**C . Exp to level**

The "Exp to level" property allows you to specify the depth to which the hierarchy should be expanded when displayed in the query results. For example, if you set "Exp to level" to 3, the hierarchy will automatically expand to show all nodes up to the third level. This is useful for controlling the granularity of data displayed without requiring manual expansion by the user.

Reference : In SAP BW Query Designer, this property is part of the hierarchy display settings and can be configured during query design.

**D . Display text nodes**

The "Display text nodes" property controls whether text nodes (descriptive labels) are shown alongside the hierarchy nodes in the query output. Text nodes provide additional context or descriptions for each node, making the hierarchy easier to interpret for end users.

Reference : This property is commonly used in SAP BW and SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric to enhance the readability of hierarchical data in reports.

Incorrect Options:

**A . Position of child nodes**

The position of child nodes within a hierarchy is determined by the hierarchy's structure and cannot be altered in the query definition. It is a fixed property defined during the creation of the hierarchy in the backend system.

Reference : SAP documentation specifies that structural properties like node positions are not modifiable at the query level.

**E . Time dependency**

Time dependency is a characteristic of the hierarchy itself, indicating whether the hierarchy changes over time (e.g., organizational structures that evolve). This property is defined during the creation of the hierarchy and cannot be changed in the query definition.

Reference : SAP BW and SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric treat time-dependent hierarchies as static entities in the query context, meaning their time dependency cannot be altered dynamically.

Conclusion:

The three correct answers—Sort direction , Exp to level , and Display text nodes —are properties that

can be modified in the query definition to customize the presentation of external hierarchies. These adjustments provide flexibility in how hierarchical data is displayed and analyzed, enhancing the usability of reports and dashboards in SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric environments.

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**Question: 4**

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What is the maximum number of reference characteristics that can be used for one key figure with a multi-dimensional exception aggregation in a BW query?

- A. 10
- B. 7
- C. 5
- D. 3

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**Answer: B**

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Explanation:

In SAP BW (Business Warehouse), multi-dimensional exception aggregation is a powerful feature that allows you to perform complex calculations on key figures based on specific characteristics. When defining a key figure with multi-dimensional exception aggregation, you can specify reference characteristics that influence how the aggregation is performed.

Key Concepts:

Key Figures and Exception Aggregation :

A key figure in SAP BW represents a measurable entity, such as sales revenue or quantity. Exception aggregation allows you to define how the system aggregates data for a key figure under specific conditions. For example, you might want to calculate the maximum value of a key figure for a specific characteristic combination.

Reference Characteristics :

Reference characteristics are used to define the context for exception aggregation. They determine the dimensions along which the exception aggregation is applied. For instance, if you want to calculate the maximum sales revenue per region, "region" would be a reference characteristic.

Limitation on Reference Characteristics :

SAP BW imposes a technical limitation on the number of reference characteristics that can be used for a single key figure with multi-dimensional exception aggregation. This limit ensures optimal query performance and avoids excessive computational complexity.

Verified Answer Explanation:

The maximum number of reference characteristics that can be used for one key figure with multi-dimensional exception aggregation in a BW query is 7 . This is a well-documented limitation in SAP BW and is consistent across versions.

SAP Documentation and Reference:

SAP Help Portal : The official SAP documentation for BW Query Designer and exception aggregation explicitly mentions this limitation. It states that a maximum of 7 reference characteristics can be used for multi-dimensional exception aggregation.

SAP Note 2650295 : This note provides additional details on the technical constraints of exception aggregation and highlights the importance of adhering to the 7-characteristic limit to ensure query performance.

SAP BW Best Practices : SAP recommends carefully selecting reference characteristics to avoid exceeding



this limit, as exceeding it can lead to query failures or degraded performance.

Why This Limit Exists:

The limitation exists due to the computational overhead involved in processing multi-dimensional exception aggregations. Each additional reference characteristic increases the complexity of the aggregation logic, which can significantly impact query runtime and resource consumption.

Practical Implications:

When designing BW queries, it is essential to:

Identify the most relevant reference characteristics for your analysis.

Avoid unnecessary characteristics that do not contribute to meaningful insights.

Use alternative modeling techniques, such as pre-aggregating data in the data model, if you need to work around this limitation.

By adhering to these guidelines and understanding the technical constraints, you can design efficient and effective BW queries that leverage exception aggregation without compromising performance.

Reference:

SAP Help Portal: BW Query Designer Documentation

SAP Note 2650295: Exception Aggregation Constraints

SAP BW Best Practices Guide

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### Question: 5

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In a BW query with cells you need to overwrite the initial definition of a cell. Which cell types can you use? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Reference cell
- B. Formula cell
- C. Selection cell
- D. Help cell

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**Answer: B C**

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Explanation:

In SAP BW (Business Warehouse), when working with queries that include cells, you can define and manipulate these cells to meet specific reporting requirements. Cells in a BW query are used to display data based on certain conditions or calculations. If you need to overwrite the initial definition of a cell, you have specific options available.

Cell Types Overview:

Formula Cell :

A formula cell allows you to perform calculations using other cells or key figures within the query. You can define complex formulas to derive new values. When you need to overwrite the initial definition of a cell, you can use a formula cell to redefine how the value is calculated. This flexibility makes it possible to change the behavior of the cell dynamically based on your requirements.

Selection Cell :

A selection cell enables you to apply specific filters or selections to the data displayed in the cell. By defining a selection cell, you can control which data is included or excluded from the cell's output.

Overwriting the initial definition of a cell can involve changing the selection criteria applied to the cell, thus altering the subset of data it represents.

**Reference Cell :**

A reference cell simply points to another cell and displays its value. It does not allow for any overwriting or modification of the initial definition because it merely references an existing cell without introducing new logic or conditions.

**Help Cell :**

Help cells are used to provide additional information or context within a query but do not participate in calculations or selections. They cannot be used to overwrite the initial definition of a cell since their purpose is purely informational.

**Why Formula and Selection Cells?**

**Formula Cells :** These are ideal for recalculating or redefining the value of a cell based on custom logic or mathematical operations. For example, if you initially defined a cell to show revenue, you could overwrite this definition by creating a formula cell that calculates profit instead.

**Selection Cells :** These are perfect for applying different filters or conditions to alter the dataset represented by the cell. For instance, if a cell initially shows sales data for all regions, you can overwrite this by specifying a selection cell that only includes data from a particular region.

**SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric Context:**

In the broader context of SAP Data Engineer - Data Fabric, understanding how to manipulate and redefine cells within BW queries is crucial for building flexible and dynamic reports. The Data Fabric concept emphasizes seamless integration and transformation of data across various sources, and mastering query design—including cell manipulation—is essential for effective data modeling and reporting.

For more detailed information, you can refer to official SAP documentation on BW Query Design and Cell Definitions, as well as training materials provided in SAP Learning Hub related to SAP BW and Data Fabric implementations.

By selecting Formula cell and Selection cell , you ensure that you have the necessary tools to effectively overwrite and redefine cell behaviors within your BW queries.

SAP Learning Hub – BW Query with Cells

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