

A Bill to Close the Fragrance Loophole

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 Any cosmetic brand owner shall make public the following
3. information:(1) any fragrance or flavor ingredient present in
4. cosmetics at a concentration that equals or exceeds .01
5. percent; (2) any chemical used in a fragrance or flavor
6. ingredient present in such cosmetics, regardless of percentage,
7. that are identified as likely to be carcinogenic to humans or
8. any persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic Priority Chemicals
9. identified by the Environmental Protection Agency's National
10. Waste Minimization Program as of February 22, 2016.
11. Section 2 The term 'flavor ingredient' means any intentionally
12. added substance or complex mixture of aroma chemicals or
13. natural essential oils for which the purpose is to impart a
14. flavor or taste, or to counteract a flavor or taste. The term
15. 'fragrance ingredient' means any intentionally added substance
16. or complex mixture of aroma chemicals, natural essential oils,
17. and other functional ingredient or ingredients for which the
18. purpose is to impart an odor or scent, or to counteract an odor.
19. Section 3 The Food and Drug Administration shall oversee the
20. enforcement of this law.
21. Section 4 This law shall go into effect January 1, 2024.
22. Section 5 All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy
23. shall hereby be declared null and void.
24. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL

A Bill to Create a Fair Tax

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 A federal sales tax of 23 percent shall be charged on all
3. products purchased in the United States. Additionally, the
4. United States shall no longer charge an income tax, and the
5. Internal Revenue Service shall be eliminated.
6. Section 2 Under the bill, a purchase is made for \$100, then a
7. charge of \$30 national sales tax would apply. This would be
8. considered 23%, because that \$30 is 23% of the 'gross payment' of
9. \$130, including the sales tax.
10. Section 3 Each state shall be responsible for the collection of
11. the taxes and delivering the money to the federal government.
12. Section 4 This law will go into effect at the beginning of the
13. fiscal year 2026. No funding is authorized for the operations
14. of the Internal Revenue Service after fiscal year 2025.
15. Section 5 All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy
16. shall hereby be declared null and void.
17. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL

A Resolution to Ban Yellow #5

1. WHEREAS, Artificial dyes have been linked to hyperactivity, asthma,
2. migraines, thyroid cancer, anxiety, clinical depression and
3. allergies.
4. WHEREAS, Artificial food dye consumption has increased by 500% in
5. the last 50 years, with children being the biggest consumers.
6. WHEREAS, Artificial Dye - Yellow #5 (also known as Tartrazine) is
7. used in many of the products marketed towards kids and is one of
8. the most popular artificial colours and potentially, most damaging.
9. WHEREAS, Since Yellow #5 may be contaminated with several
10. cancer-causing chemicals.
11. RESOLVED, by the Student Congress here assembled that the United
12. States should ban the use of Yellow #5 in foods.
13. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL

A Bill to Privatize Amtrak

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 The National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or Amtrak,
3. shall be privatized.
4. Section 2 Privatization of Amtrak is defined as changing from
5. governmental to private control and ownership through the sale of
6. preferred stock and de-federalizing the appointment of Amtrak's
7. board of directors. Amtrak's preferred stock will be **sellable**
8. upon passage of this bill and Amtrak's Board of Directors managed
9. by the corporation's owners.
10. Section 3 The Department of Transportation will oversee the
11. enforcement of this Bill, which is binding to all parties in
12. agreement to Section 1 and has the same effect as if arrived at
13. by agreement of the parties under the Railway Labor Act.
14. Section 4 This bill shall go into effect on January 1st, 2024.
15. Section 5 All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy
16. shall hereby be declared null and void.
17. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL

A Bill to Ban Internet Gambling

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2. Section 1 No person shall be permitted to use the Internet to
3. create bets or wagers.
4. Section 2 The term `bets or wagers' means the staking or risking by
5. any person of something of value upon the outcome of a contest of
6. others, a sporting event, or a game predominantly subject to
7. chance, upon an agreement or understanding that the person or
8. another person will receive something of greater value than the
9. amount staked or risked in the event of a certain outcome; this
10. definition also includes the purchase of a chance or
11. opportunity to win a lottery or other prize.
12. Section 3 Federal Bureau of Investigation shall oversee the
13. enforcement of this bill.
14. Section 4 This bill shall go into effect on January 1st, 2025.
15. Section 5 All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy
16. shall hereby be declared null and void.
17. Introduced for Congressional Debate by SCJFL